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FIERCE FLAMES SWEEP DOCKS

New Orleans Suffers a Five Million Dollar Loss By Ravaging Flames

TWELVE BLOCKS ARE DESTROYED

A Conflagration Believed to Have Originated From an Insufficientlyy Oiled Car Journal Sweeps a Long Section of the River Front Covered With Modern and Costly Wharves, the Great Terminals of the Illinois Central and Two Grain Elevators.

New Orleans, Special.—Fire involving millions of dollars loss in physical property and that strikes a serious, if temporary, blow at the immense export trade of New Orleans, swept the river front Sunday night and wiped out the vast freight terminals of the Illinois Central Railroad, known as the Stuyvesant docks. Nearly a dozen squares of modern wharves and frieght sheds, two magnificent grain elevators, hundreds of loaded cars and vast quantities of freight, including 20,000 bales of cotton, were destroyed, together with a large number of small residences. The fire was still raging furiously at midnight, at which time it had almost reached the upper end of the Illinois Central property. It has not been desterminedwhether there has been any loss of life. The ocean-going shipping seems to have escaped serious damage. A number of firemen and employes of the docks were injured. Actual estimates of the losses are impossible, though they may exceed $5,000,000.

TWELVE SQUARES SWEPT.

The Stuyvesant docks extend from Louisiana avenue almost to Napoleon avenue, a distance of twelve squares. The wharves between those two points were covered with miles of trackage, and steel and iron sheds ran the whole distance. The two grain elevators were of the most modern construction, the upper one having a capacity of a million bushels. Thousands of bushels of corn, several hundred thousand packages of sugar, great quantities of cotton-seed oil and oil cake, lumber and every conceivable variety of freight filled the warehouses and sheds. Practically all the export business handled by the Illinois Central was put abaord ships at these docks. The docks and improvements have been under construction for ten years past, elaborate extensions and immense investments having been made.

BEGINNING OF THE FIRE.

The fire was discovered shortly after 7 o'clock. I was said to have resulted from a journal that had not been sufficiently oiled. The whole plant was equipped with gigantic water tanks and fire-extinguishing apparatus, but the blaze, small at the beginning, almost instantly got beyond control, communicating through the conveyers to the lower elevator and some of the sheds. The respense of the fire department was prompt, but because of the fact that the terminals were inaccessible, owing to tracks, the engines found difficulty in reaching the flames. In half an hour the fire covered two squares and the lower elevator was practically consumed, the fire sweeping up and down the river. As soon as it became known that the scene of the fire was the Stuyvesant docks, harbor tugs hastened to the wharves, and vessels that were moored there were pulled out into the river.

At the same time switch engines were rushed to the wharves and hundreds of box cars loaded with freight were drawn to points above the upper end of the terminals before the fire reached them. Many hundreds more, however, were consumed.

The wind was blowing down the river and the blaze spread with great speed in that direction. By 9 o'clock the lower elevator and sheds and wharves from Amelia street to Louisiana avenue, a distance of six squares, had fallen in. Fortunately, Louisiana avenue is a very broad thoroughfare, and the further spread of the fire beyond that point into a residence section was checked. Between those points, however, the flames swept to complete destruction many cottages of the poorer classes, the occupants in a great many instances losing all they possessed. With the wind in a favorable direction, the river boats, the able direction, the river boats, the employes of the road and the fire department concentrated all their energies in an effort to save the upper elevator between Austerlitz and Constantinople streets and to check the fire at that point. The fire, however, gradually worked past the point occupied by the elevator. Heroically, the forces kept at work, but ultimately they were beaten, and the big steel structure, covered with corrugated iron suddenly burst into flames at 10:30 and in a half hour was a complete wreck.

BLAZE OF TERRIFIC FURY.

At midnight more than nine squares of the terminals had been completely destroyed, and it seemed unlikely that the fire would be checked until it reached Napoleon avenue, which also is a very broad street. During the fire a heavy wind blew, and the blaze was of indescribable fury, carrying brands to great distances, driving back the crowds of sight-seers. Immense pieces of corrugated iron, torn from the sides of the upper elevator were carried through the air as if they were feathers, and, dropping in every direction, constantly endangered the lives of firemen and spectators.

The weather was bright and warm, 50,000 people visited the scene during the progress of the fire. Aside from the tremendous loss involved in the destruction of property, the fire is a calamity to New Orleans in the temporary abatement of the immense export business of the Illinois Central, partly in the matter of grain shipments.

Later Estimates.

New Orleans, Special.—Complete figures of the loss involved in the destruction of the Stuyvesant docks of the Illinois Central Railroad, it was announced by local officers of the company Monday, will not be available until an inspection of the books of the docks is finished. Fortunately all these were saved. Local Freight Agent Cousins and his office force went to work on them, and Mr. Cousins announced that it might be possible by Tuesday to give the result. The value of the wharves, sheds, warehouses, elevators and trackage is known roughly, but the number of cars and the quantity of merchandise destroyed cannot be given until the inspection is concluded. In the meantime, estimates of the losses vary between Superintendent Dunn's figures of $3,000,000, and General Agent Perkins' aggregate of $5,000,000.

Destructive Fire at Hot Springs.

Hot Springs, Ark., Special.—Fire swept the southern portion of this city early Saturday, doing immense damage and causing the known death of three persons. The losses are variously estimated at from $1,000,000 to $2,000,000. Sunday was a day of gloom in Hot Springs. The first estimates of the damage done by the great conflagration were not exaggerated. More than forty blocks were eaten away by the flames, and the most conservative estimates place the loss at a million and a half dollars, and several insurance men state that the figures will reach two million. The three unknown bodies recovered are the only known fatalities.

Increase Capital.

Suffolk, Special.—An amendment to the charter of the United Spring Motor Corporation was received here increasing the capital stock from a maximum of $30,000 to $500,000. The corporation which patented a sewing machine device, already has sold several foreign rights at a high figure.

Twelve Years For Forger.

Newport News, Special.—Paul O. Johnson, the negro forger, was sentenced to 12 years in the penitentiary in the Corporation Court. He was given a jury trial on two indictments of three counts and found guilty of all allegations. He was sentenced to two years each for the six offenses. Johnson has already served two years in the penitentiary, having been sentenced from Petersburg. Under the law five years will be added to his term for this reason. Johnson feigned insanity, but it did not serve to mitigate the sentence.

North Sea Decision Read.

Paris, By Cable.—The decision of the international commission of inquiry into the North Sea incident was publicly announced at the closing session of the commission. The decision lengthly sets forth the circumstances and incidents and gives the opinion of the admirals on the various important points involved. The decision says the delay of the Rusian transport Kamschatka, following the breakdown of her machinery, was perhaps the cause of the incident.

Live Items of News.

Fifty bodies have been recovered from the Virginia mine in Alabama, where 160 men were imprisoned by an explosion.

A special Federal grand jury venire was drawn in Chicago and subpoenas for 185 employes of the so-called "Beef Trust" were issued, pending an investigation as to whether the supposed combine has been violating Judge Grosscup's injunction.

Two additional indictments, making ten in all, were found in Cleveland against Mrs. Chadwick.

President Truesdale, of the Delaware, Lackawana and Western Railroad, says the proposed bil to regulate railroad rates would be in effect confiscation of railroad property.

The striking New York, New Haven and Hartford Railroad firemen proposed a method of arbitration which the company rejected, on the ground that it was objectionable to the engineers.

The Equitable Life Assurance Society has won a suit in which it was intended to compel the company to divide $8,000,000 among the policyholders in Wisconsin.

Gov. A. J. Montague was one of the speakers at the Washington banquet in Alexandria.

A train was wrecked on the James River division of the Chesapeake and Ohio railroad by a falling bowlder.

The widow of Jefferson Davis has published a statement declaring that she has no recollection of writing a letter to General Miles thanking him for his humane treatment of her husband, and she calls on the general to make public a photographic reproduction of the letter.

NORTH STATE LAWMAKERS

Work That Is Being Done By the North Carolina Lawmakers.

Passed Final Reading.

At Tuesday's session the following bills passed their final reading: To submit to the qualified voters of Buncombe county the question of issuing bonds for the improvement of public roads, and the establishment of a highway commission; to build certain iron bridges in Henderson county, and to apply certain funds; to amend the charter of the town of Brevard; to ern Pines; to ratify all acts and procedings relating to the issuing of bonds of the town of Lexington; providing for the time of extension of taxes for building a new jail at Alexander county; to prevent the obstruction of Peach Tree creek, in Cherokee county, by felling of trees; to protect game in Burke county; to prevent felling of trees in the streams of Ashe county; to define location of certain cuhrches, in Catawba; fobidding sale of liquor within two miles of a certain church in Columbus county; relating to the bird laws of Catawba; to protect waters of Brush creek, in Alleghany township; to incorporate the Oak Grove Cemetery, in Robeson county; relating to the hunting of deer in Hyde county; to regulate the sale of seed cotton in Mecklenburg; to prevent fishing in certain townships in Haywood; to forbid the building of barbed wire fences along the public roads of Yancey county without boards; to authorize the commissioners of Mitchell county to relieve an exsheriff; to provide fire escapes and protect human life (the bill amended by the committee was adopted); a joint resolution to petition the United States Senate to pass a law prohibiting inter-State commerce in adulterated foods; changing the name of the Enterprising Banking & Loan Company to the Waxhaw Banking & Trust Company; a resolution authorizing the appointment of a clerk to the committee on justices of the peace.

Mr. Vann offered a resolution of sympathy for Senator Beasley, in the misfortune which has befallen him in the mysterious disappearance of his son. Mr. Scales moved that the vote adopting the resolution be taken by rising, and the vote was unanimous.

The president appointed on the committee to investigate the South Dakota bond judgment and other bond matters Senators Zollicoffer, and Scales, of Guilford.

In the House.

In the House Tuesday the bill allowing new trials for newly discovered evidence, pending an appeal in criminal cases, came up, the first bill as unfinished business. Fowler, of Sampson, led off in a strong speech in behalf of the bill, declaring that as the law now is, a new trial could be granted in a case invovling the title to a $3 bull yearling, but not in the case of a human life or human liberty. Laughinghouse, of Pitt, opposed the bill, saying it was strange to him how lawyers could lose sight of the side of public protection of life and liberty in their terms and sympathize with criminals. Stewart, of Harnett in defending the bill, also defended the legal profession from what he termed mere asaults from the last speaker. Laughinghouse stated that he had not attacked the legal profession, but had simply presented some plain facts regarding a good many members of it who seemed to keep up in the lead. Other specches in favor of the bill were by Murphy, of Buncombe; Robeson and Winborne. Those speaking against the bill were Redwine, Gower, Feimster and Graham, of Granville. The previous question called, the vote was taken on the bill, and it was defeated by a vote of 55 to 46. The bill had been up four different days during the session. Messrs. Winborne and Robertson had made about four speeches for it, and Judge Graham as many against it. It passed its second reading by a vote of 46 to 45 about two weeks ago.

The following bills passed final reading: To amed the stock law in Duplin; to amend the charter of Clyde; to incorporate Pee Dee Valley Railway Company; to incorporate Asheville & Northern Railway Company; to incorporate Raleigh & Southport Railway Company; to incorporate Southport & Northwestern Railroad Company; to allow Rutherford county to re-fund $100,000 of its bonded debt; to protect landlords and tenants in certain counties; to amed charter of Black Mountain; to protect fish in Yancey; to amend charter of Farmers Mutual Fire Association; to incorporate Pine Top Banking Company; to re-incorporate Chowan Baptist Association; to protect game birds in Macon county; to prohibit fishing in amend charter of the town of South North Fork of New River, in Ashe county.

The Anti-Jug Law.

A bill defining the place of sale of liquor, coming up on its third reading, the following additional counties were exempted from the operations of the act: Hyde, Alleghany, Washington, Nash, Perquimans, Stokes, Pitt and Tyrrell. There was considerable debate between the two members from Buncombe. Mr. Murphy desired Buncombe to remain under the operation of the McNinch law, and Glenn favored exempting it. The difficulty was finally adjusted by Mr. Glenn yielding and stating that he would introduce a bill to fit the case, so Buncombe was not exempted. The bill then passed its final reading, and was ordered sent to the Senate. The House then adjourned.

There was but little accomplished Wednesday in the Senate. A few local bills were introduced and a few passed third reading.

At noon the House took up the Senate bill, known as the Vann bill, regulating fishing in Albemarle and Pamlico Sounds, and it passed its final reading.

Winborne Bill Dead.

The bill providing that county commissioners can upon petition of citizens of any school district order an election for special school tax for either race, came up, and Winborne explained it, stating that if the old decisions of the North Carolina Supreme Court were followed, the bill would not accomplish the object that was intended, but that since the old decisions, the United States Supreme Court had rendered decisions which made this law now a constitutional one. He said that Governor Glenn heartily approved of this bill, and had received assurances that the State Supreme Court considered it constitutional. Winborne said he had introduced the bill to take the place of his bill amending the State constitution. It simply meant either race could supplement its regular public school fund by a vote of its own property holders for additional taxation. The previous question was called on Graham's motion to refer, and the bill was referred to the committee on education, which means its death.

For Statute to Ransom.

In the Senate, bills were introduced to prohibit public officials from riding on passes or mileage books, or annuals; to incorporate the Methodist Protestant College of North Carolina. Bills passed to allow convicts to be employed on the public roads in McDowell; to provide for the payment of railroad bonds of Cleveland; to prohibit the manufacture and sale of liquor at Yadkinville.

At noon Thursday the bill to punish barratry came up as the special order. Mr. Moore, of Gaston, said he had been compelled to bow his head in shame at the practices of disreputable lawyers in his county, this practice being a disgrace to the profession, which had aroused contempt in the minds of the people; the State Bar Association not having acted against this class of attorneys.

In the House, Chairman Roberson, for the committee on appropriations, reported on the appropriation bills favorably for $5,000 for a statue of General Matt Ransom, available after next November; on the bill relieving the board of agriculture from paying $10,000 annually to the Agricultural and Mechanical College; on $150 for Moore' Mechanical College; on $150 for Moore's Creek Battle Ground, and $750 for tablets at the battlefield of Bethel and Chicamangua. He reported unfavorably upon the bill appropriating $25,000 for a hospital for epileptics and idiots; on the bill increasing by $1,000 the appropriation to the Oxford Orphan Asylum. The committee had agreed on a special appropriation of $2,500 in addition to the regular one for the Appalachian School, at Boone. Bills were introduced to amend the road law of Lincoln county; to create a board of prison parole; to incorporate Cornelius; to charter the Appalacaian Electric Company; to provide for a turnpike from North Wilkesboro to Boone; to prevent bird dogs from hunting at large during the nesting season and breeding seasons of birds; to regulate challenges when a special venire is drawn from the jury box; to prevent smuggling of whiskey and other liquors into Rutherford county; to regulate fees of county officials in Camden; to amend the act of 1903, regarding the apportionment of school funds in Mecklenburg.

The special order, the Scales reformatory bill, was taken up, the galleries being filled with ladies. Senator Scales occupying a seat by Representative Gordon, of Guilford. Graham, of Granville, said there were three reformatory bills and all three should be referred to the committee on penal institutions. Mr. Green opposed delay, but the motion to refer was adopted by a large majority.

In the Senate Saturday the following bills passed their third readings: To permit the board of public works of Tarboro to issue bonds; for the betterment of the public roads of Pitt county; to form a school district in Cumberland county; to amend the charter of the town of Dunn; to authorize the commissioners of Granville county to re-fund the indebtedness of Oxford Female Academy; to authorize commissioners of New Hanover county to levy special tax, to protect the game of Surry county; to appropriate and consolidate the annual appropriation to the Moore's Creek Battleground. The bill was carried without opposition. Moore, of Pender, author of the bill, made a splendid speech. The committee on appropriation attached an amendment reducing the appropriation to $150 and Moore asked that the amendment be voted down. Scales favored the bill carrying $200 with it. A bill passed relating to Pike's school district, in Robeson and Cumberland counties; bill to prohibit manufacture and sale of liquor within two miles of Spring Hope graded school district, Nash county; to abolish all pilotage laws of North Carolina relative to the Cape Fear river; to amend the charter of the city of Fayetteville; to regulate the sale of concentrated feed stuffs; to regulate the hunting of quail and other game birds in Edgecombe county; relating to office of treasurer of Henderson county; to secure compulsory school attendance in schools at Raleigh, Wake county; to regulate the appointment and duties of cotton weighers at Dunn; to amend public road law of Scotland; to amend prohibition law of Cumberland county; to place certain territory in Chatham under stock law; to incorporate the Methodist Protestant College; to add to the present stock law territory in Pitt county; to provide for turning into the general fund one-third of the dispensary profits of Pitt county; to define place and sale of intoxicating liquors in North Carolina.

In the House a number of new bills were introduced. Good progress was made in committee of the whole on the revenue and machinery acts.

Monday's Session.

Bills were introduced in the House Monday to give pensions to all ex-Confederates worth less than $500; to change the time of the fifth district courts; to incorporate the Yanceyville, Reidsville & Burlington Railroad; to amend the Iredell school law; to prevent vicious dogs from going at large.

Representatives from Wake made statements relating to charges of having sneaked through the Legislature a road law for Wake containing a section affecting profits of the dispensary. They denied this.

A favorable report was made in the House on the bill for a State Immigration Department. All bills requiring inspection of illuminating oils were unfavorably reported.

Governor Glenn sent in a message urging a State bureau of immigration; a strong law against vagrancy; for lessening the number of jury challenges; for the repeal of all divorce laws since 1883; to increase Confed[illegible] pensions to $300,000; to erect a monument to Ransom; to erect a hall of records and to create the office of State purchasing agent.

The Senate passed bills giving the right of way for a railroad from Hickory to Catawba Springs; to amend the charter of Hickory Nut Gap, Rutherfordton and Asheville Railroad.

The House took up as a special order the bill to repeal the anti-jug law, except as to Cleveland, Cabarrus, Gaston and Mitchell. A number of amendments were offered. It was stated that the general anti-jug law bill had come over from the House, and the motion was made that these be first taken up. This was not done. The amendment was adopted that the bill should not affect pending suits. The bill then passed after an effort to add Caldwell, Yancey, Rutherford and Madison had failed. The anti-jug bill was then taken up, many counties being excepted. A motion to strike all these exceptions was lost and bills passed, Rowan (except Spencer and East Spencer), Stanly, Davie, Alexander, are among the excepted counties.

The bills passed to prohibit shipping of liquor into prohibition territory under fictitious names.

$100,000,000 For Navy.

Washington, Feb. 27.—The Senate Monday passed the naval bill, carrying a total appropriation of $100,300,000. The bill was discussed by Messrs. Gorman, McCumber, Blackburn, Carmack, Hale, Lodge, Martin, Perkins, and Teller. Mr. Hale again criticized the too rapid increase of the navy, and Mr. Lodge defended the policy of the administration in foreign matters and in naval increase. Mr. Gorman, discussing the proposed increase of appropriation for the Marine Corps, declared there could be no excuse for such an increase in times of profound peace.

NEWSY GLEANINGS.

The wolves are killing many young stock in Western Texas.

A railway bureau will shortly be established by the Mexican Government.

The religious revival in Wales has resulted in a total of nearly 70,000 converts.

Preserved buttermilk is a new infant food preparation being offered in Germany for the use of both ill and healthy children.

English army officers say that there is a plant in Nigeria, a bunch or two of which, hung up in a tent, banishes mosquitoes.

Bills for new canals, which will cost nearly $80,000,000, have been reported by the Committee on Canals of the Prussian Diet.

Until recently the smallest coin in circulation in South Africa had the value of six cents; now two-cent pieces have been introduced.

France's pity for animals has been aroused by the rare work of an unknown sculptor, a group of tramps feeding a starving dog.

A compilation of the popular vote for President shows that the eleven States of the old Confederacy polled an aggregate of less than a million votes for Parker.

The fruit steamer Admiral Sampson, while lying near Pennsville, N. J., to lighten her cargo, cast overboard bananas and cocoanuts worth several thousand dollars.

It is estimated that the great London revival now being conducted at the Royal Albert Hall by the American evangelists, Dr. Torrey and Mr. Alexander, will cost $85,000.

In the old churchyard at Kilkeel, Ireland, is a tombstone with the following inscription: "Here lie the remains of Thomas Nichols, who died in Philadelphia, March, 1753. Had he lived, he would have been buried here."

LABOR WORLD.

The English co-operative societies own nine ocean steamers.

It is estimated that there are over 2,000,000 coal miners in the world.

There are nearly 2,000,000 members of labor unions in Great Britain.

About 200 miners at the Birdseye coal mine, Jellico, Tenn., went on strike.

The only co-operative store in the anthracite region, which was opened in Wilkesbarre, Pa., last June, has proved a success.

Over 1200 men employed in the building trades at Trenton, N. J., obeyed the order of Business Agent Smith and laid down their tools.

Twenty thousand tin workers employed by the American Sheet and Tin Plate Company have received a ten per cent. increase in wages.

The International Carriage and Wagon Workers' Union has decided to move the organization's national headquarters from New York to Chicago.

A bulletin issued by the Commissioner of Labor Statistics shows the average per capita earnings of Ohio miners during the past year was $496.60.

There is a plan on foot at San Francisco, Cal., to abolish the death benefit assessment with the International Association of Bridge and Structural Iron Workers and create a death benefit fund locally.

In Germany every description of child labor is prohibited in such industries as brickmaking, bridge building, quarrying, stone breaking, chimney sweeping and some portions of the carriers' business.

On account of black smallpox in a boarding house at Branchdale, Pa., County Medical Inspector Daniel Dechert has had a dozen miners, who boarded there, removed from the Ootto colliery and quarantined.

Rejected Insinuation.

A young lawyer was sent from Edinburgh to a country north of the Forth to act as junior counsel in a licensing club case. He had to cross-examine the certifying justice, who was very diffuse and rather evasive in his answers.

"Speak a little more simply and to the point, please," said the counsel mildly, "you are a little ambiguous you know."

"I am not, sir" replied the witness indignantly. "I have been strictly tee total for a year."—Ram's Horn.

NORTH STATE NEWS

Occurrences of Interest in Various Parts of the State.

Charlotte Cotton Market.

These figures represent prices paid to wagons:

Strict good middling	8.00
Good middling	8.00
Strict middling	7¾
Middling	7¾
Tinges	6 to 7¼
Stains	6¼ to 7

Geneal Cotton Market.

	Middling.
Galveston, steady	7 11-16
New Orleans, steady	7½
Savannah, quiet	7⅞
Charleston, quiet	7⅞
Norfolk, quiet	7¾
New York, quiet	7.90
Boston, quiet	7.90
Philadelphia, quiet	8.15
Houston, steady	7⅝
Augusta, steady	7½
Memphis, steady	7½
Louisville, firm	8.00

Produce Market.

Chickens—spring	$ 20
Hens—per head	35
Eggs	22
Ducks	25
Rye	1.00
Oats	54¾
Oats—feed	46
Cotton seed	
Corn	68

Former Tar Heel Suicides.

Baltimore, Special.—Among the papers of Capt. Wm. S. Winder, a Confederate veteran aged 71 years, who shot and killed himself in his home here Saturday, was found a clipping of the address by Dr. Wm. Osler, of the Johns Hopkins University, in which reference was made to the uselessness of men over 60 years of age. Capt. Winder, who was a bachelor, had led a retired and lonely life for some years. His sight had practically failed and recently he had suffered from insomnia.

Lexington's Population.

Lexington, Special.—The officers appointed to take the census of the town have completed their returns, and the figures show that Lexington now contains 3,600 inhabitants. This is about double the population prior to the recent extension of the corporate limits.

Cleveland County Primary.

Shelby, Special.—The election in this county Saturday for superintendent of public schools passed off quietly. Quite a lot of interest was manifested. The present incumbent, J. A. Anthony, was opposed by Prof. B. T. Falls, principal of the graded school here, Mr. Falls was victorious by a majority of about 182.

Building at V. P. I. Burned.

Richmond, Va., Special.—Science Hall, at the Virginia Polytechnic Institute, Blacksburg, Va., was totally destroyed by fire. By heroic effort the cadet fire brigade saved "No. 4." barracks, which were in great danger. The loss is estimated at $75,000; insurance, $12,000. Very little of the apparatus in the burned building was saved. One person was struck on the head by falling timbers and rendered unconscious. The origin of the fire is a mystery, but the theory is spontaneous combustion.

Gen. Underwood Gets $16,000

New York, Special.—The suit of General John C. Underwood, of Kentucky, of the Confederate Memorial Association, for commissions on sums raised for the Association, was decided in the United States Circuit Court in Brooklyn, by a verdict for $16,000 for General Underwood. The Association disputed General Underwood's claim that he was entitled to a commission on subscription of $100,000 obtained from the late Charles Broadway Rouss.

Confederate Seal For Gen. Shipp.

Lynchburg, Special.—Mr. John L. Lee, of this city, has sent for Mrs. Edward T. Ayers, of Washington, as a gift, to Gen. Scott Shipp, of the Virginia Military Institute, a reproduction of the seal of the Confederate States. The original die was in the possession of Col. John T. Pickett, of Kentucy, who had the reproduction made.

Dentists Elect Officers.

Memphis, Tenn., Special.—Officers of the ensuing year were elected by the Southern branch of the National Dental Association, as follows: President, Dr. W. G. Mason, of Tampa, Fla.; first vice-president, Dr. N. N. Vann, of Attala, Ala.; second vice-president, Dr. R. Cowardin, of Richmond; corresponding secretary, Dr. J. A. Gorman, of Asheville; recording secretary, Dr. John R. Beach, of Clarksville, Tenn.; treasurer, Dr. B. D. Brabson, of Clarksville, Tenn. A resolution requesting the national association to hold its meeting next year in Birmingham, Ala., was unanimously adopted.

23 Miners Die.

Bluefield, W. Va., Special.—As a result of an explosion in shaft No. 1, of the United States Coal and Coke Company at Wilcoe Sunday, 23 miners are supposed to have lost their lives, and it is possible that the number will exceed this. Up to 8 p. m. fifteen dead bodies had been taken from the shaft. A large rescuing party is in the mines. It is barely possible, but not likely, that some of the remaining entombed miners will be rescued alive.

SWAYNE ACQUITTED

Senate Failed to Convict on Charges of Impeachment

THE VOTE LARGELY A PARTY ONE

Highest Vote Recorded For Impeachment Was 35 and the Lowest Against It 47, 55 Being Required to Convict—The Larger Votes Were Largely Along Party Lines—Only 13 Votes For Conviction on the Articles Relating to Use of Private Cars.

Washington, Special.—The Senate Monday concluded the impeachment trial of Judge Swayne by acquitting him on all the charges made against him in the articles of impeachment presented by the House. The voting on the Swayne case began at 10:10, 20 minutes after the Senate convened, and continued until 11:45. There was no discussion, and all the time was consumed in taking the 12 votes necessary to dispose of each of the articles. The highest vote for impeachment was 35, and the lowest against it, 47. On the two articles charging the use of private railroad cars, only 13 votes were cast for conviction. The larger votes were largely along party lines.

Judge Swayne was not in the Senate during the roll-calls, but in the President's room, just back of the chamber. The result of each ballot was sent to him by his attorneys. Five of the House managers attended during the proceedings. When the first article was read, charging Judge Swayne with making a false certificate for expenses while holding court at Waco, Texas, the presiding officer said: "Senators, how say you, is the respondent, Charles Swayne, guilty or not guilty as charged in this article?" The calling of the roll by the secretary was then begun. The first Senator to rise in response to the call was Mr. Alger, who voted "not guilty" in clear and distinct tones. Mr. Bacon was the first Democratic Senator on the roll, and likewise the first to answer in the affirmative, finding Judge Swayne guilty. The vote throughout was largely partisan, and stood 33 to 49. The Senators who voted guilty were: Bacon, Bailey, Bard, Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Carmack, Clark, of Montana; Clay, Cockrell, Culberson, Daniel, Foster, of Louisiana; Gorman, Kittredge, Lattimer, McCreary, McCumber, McEnery, McLaurin, Mallory, Martin, Money, Morgan, Newlands, Overman, Patterson, Pettus, Simmons, Stone, Taliaferro and Teller—33. Under the rule requiring a two-thirds vote to convict, 55 votes in the affirmative would have been necessary to convict. As this vote was almost reversed, Judge Swayne was pronounced to be not guilty. The chair announced this to be the result.

The reading and voting upon the other articles followed in rapid succession. The second charge was that of an excessive charge for expenses while holding court at Tyler, Texas. The proceeding in this case was an exact counterpart of that on the first article, and the result was 32 for conviction to 50 for acquittal. The third charge also related to excessive expense charges at Tyler, Texas, and the vote was identical with the vote on the second article—32 to 50. The fourth and fifth articles related to the use of private cars. There were only 13 votes of guilty on them, as follows: Bailey, Berry, Blackburn, Carmack, Cockrell, Culberson, Daniel, McLaurin, Martin, Money, Morgan, Newlands, Pettus, Adams, Sixty-nine Senators voted for acquittal. On the sixth charge, that of non-residence by Judge Swayne in his district, the vote was 31 to 51. On the seventh article, relating to residence, the vote was 19 for conviction to 63 against. The affirmative vote was as follows: Bate, Berry, Blackburn, Carmack, Clark, of Montana; Cockrell, Daniel, Dubois, Gibson, Lattimer, McCreary, McEnery, McLaurin, Mallory, Martin, Money, Morgan, Pettus and Taliaferro—19. The vote on the eighth, ninth, tenth and eleventh articles, covering the contempt cases of Davis and Neigen, was 31 to 51. The twelfth article was the last. It dealt with the conduct of Judge Swayne in punishing W. C. O'Neal for contempt in assaulting a trustee in bankruptcy appointed by him. On the final vote, the result was 35 for guilty to 47 for not guilty, the largest vote given for conviction.

The result on this vote being announced, and with it the entire verdict ascertained, the chair directed the secretary to enter an order of acquittal on all the articles. This being done the long and tedious proceeding came to an end.

Too Large For Railroads.

Savannah, Ga., Special.—The equestrian statue of General Nathan Bedford Forrest, the great Confederate cavalry leader, has not arrived at Memphis as erroneously stated, but is in the railway yards, having arrived last week by steamer from New York, whence it was received from Paris, where it was cast. The statue was not sent by rail from New York. It is more than thirteen feet high in its crate and the railroads would not receive it, being unable to transport it through tunnels. It is said that the road that received it here may find it impossible to get it under bridges.

14 Die in Church.

New York, Special.—Eleven persons were killed and upwards of fifty injured, some probably fatally, by the collapse of the flooring of the Fleet Street African Methodist Episcopal Church, in Brooklyn, Monday night. Of those killed, eight were women, two men and one child. The building was an ancient ramshackle frame structure, erected 60 years ago in the heart of the colored section of Brooklyn, in Fleet street, near Myrtle avenue.

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LET'S HAVE LAW AND ORDER.

A few weeks ago an Asheville distiller charged that he furnished 600 gallons of whiskey to Democrats of Buncombe county for campaign purposes, with the understanding that the whiskey business in Asheville would not be molested by the Legislature, An investigation of these charges by the distiller was begun last week, but the investigation came to an abrupt ending by all of the witnesses examined refusing to testify, on the plea that their evidence would tend to incriminate themselves, notwithstanding the Solicitor promised that their evidence would not be used against them. This leads the Charlotte Observer to remark as follows:

"And it is perhaps just as well that it is closed, for it is doubtful if anything would ever have come of it. The allegation that liquor was used in the Buncombe campaign has been practically established, it is true, but this will surprise nobody, in fact, if there is to be an investion into all matters of this kind, the authorities would doubtless have their hands full for some time to come."

Must we have the will of the people thwarted by the use of Democratic whiskey? And what if such investigations should keep the authorities busy for time to come. Aren't they officers of the law and drawing their salaries to see that the laws are properly executed?

Is the suffrage of this State to be debauched in this manner? The matter should be probed to the bottom. Just so long as crime is treated with indifference in this State, just so long will crimes continue to increase. We are informed that within a radius of twenty miles of Kinston that eleven murders have been committed within the past few years for which only two persons have been prosecuted. A negro shot down at the depot in Kinston and the perpetrator of the crime not even arrested. And on last Friday another negro was shot down in that town and the man who did the shooting released on a $500 bond (even during slavery time a negro was worth more than this). At Newbern last fall a mechanic drew his pistol on an employe of the A. and N. C. R. R. because he had been relieved of his job. What was the result? Why the man was not even fined for carrying a concealed weapon, but was given a place back on the railroad, and the man he attempted to shoot soon lost his job—possibly for not getting shot.

If the State penitentiary is not large enough to hold all the criminals, under Democratic good government, then do not enlarge the capital, but enlarge the penitentiary and let's have law and order in this State.

CANDIDATES AND VOTERS.

Mr. "Red Buck," one of the newsgatherers for the Charlotte Observer, says he asked twenty-three citizens of Mecklenburg county to name their four representatives in the Legislature and only four could do so. This proves that many of the voters of that county voted for the Democratic members without even knowing for whom they were voting.

What is true in Mecklenburg county is doubtless true in many other counties in the State. By the time the voters have the rest of their rights taken away from them and are taxed to death for the support of the Democratic party they will wake up, and will go out gunning for the men that represented them in the Legislature, and it will be best for these representatives that their constituents will remain in ignorance of the names of men who were elected and actually did represent their country in this Legislature,

This body has spent 60 days looking busy, but has done little for the people, except to increase the appropriations for State institutions, increased the salary of a large number of officers and threatening the State for a big bond issue, for future generations of tax-payers to settle.

THE WARD BILL

The Ward bill, which had previously passed the Senate, came up in the House Tuesday as a special order, passed its third reading and will become effective January 1, 1906. This bill prohibits the manufacture of whiskey in towns of less than 1,000 population, but does not further restrict its sale in the State. The temperance forces of North Carolina had been called upon to support the Democratic party and the Ward bill was the "stone" handed to them Tuesday for their support. As the opponents of the bill stated, it has no temperance feature in it. It is only a strike by Simmons at his opponents within his own ranks and benefits the whiskey trust in other States. The advocates of the bill claimed it was temperance and made a plea for the women and children of the State. One of the advocates of the bill said he would stand by his God and the women. We had been told that the women of the State were for prohibition and it is sacrilegious to claim that the Lord wants a whiskey trust in North Carolina. If these men were here to represent the good women of this State why didn't they support the substitute for absolute prohibition in North Carolina to be voted upon by the people. But nearly to a man these so-called temperance leaders in the House voted down this prohibition measure. Their position may have been sincere, but to a man up a tree their coarse smacks of hypocrisy. Again, we ask the red shirt sheets in this State who are "The Morally Stunted"?

The Asheville Register says Mr. Craig, in a speech to the court a few days ago, in regard to the use of whiskey in the Buncombe campaign, admitted the corruption, and contended it could not be reached or remedied by existing law. What! Democratic laws can't reach corruption in this State. And, too, when Mr. Craig was a member of the last law-making body in this State!

The following from the Washington Post will shock some of the "safe and sane" Democrats in the South. In closing an article on "Traditional Democracy" the Post says:

"The plain truth is that there is very little left of the distinctive principles of old-time Democracy. And it is just as plainly true that when you find an adherent to those principles he is quite as likely to be on the Republican as on the Democratic side of the party line."

President Theodore Roosevelt and Vice-Ppresident-elect Charles' Warren Fairbanks will be inaugurated Saturday, March 4th. From present indications the largest crowd will attend the inauguration that has ever visited Washington.

We have been asked what we thought of the Democratic party in the Nation. We beg to be excused. We do not want to hold any post-mortem examination over a dead mule.

The United States Senate has decided not to have any more boquets. Possibly they think their "flowery" speeches sufficient.

The People's Paper says that a man was killed by falling timbers at a house-raising. That sounds paradoxical.

The whiskey trust won a big victory Tuesday.

Draughon's—A Chain of 20 Colleges.

Elsewhere will be found an advertisement of Draughon's Practical Business Colleges, located at Raleigh, N. C.; Columbia, S. C.; Knoxville, Tenn.; Nashville, Tenn.; Ft. Worth, Galveston, San Antonio, Waco, Denison, Texas; Oklahoma City, I. T.; Shreveport, La; Little Rock, Ark; Ft. Smith, Ark.; Moskogee, I. T.; Kansas City, Mo; St. Louis, Mo; Ft. Scott, Kans.; Paducah, Ky., and Montgomery, Ala. A chain of twenty colleges located in thirteen states. Established sixteen years. Incorporated $300,000.00 capital. Seventeen bankers on Board of Directors. Draughon's chain of Colleges secures positions for those who take the guarantee course, or promise to refund every cent of money paid for tuition. For catalogue address J. F. Draughon, President, at any of the above places.

The Legislature should not fail to appoint a guardian for every man, woman and child before it adjourns. The people have become so incompetent to regulate their affairs, according to Democracy that guardians are necessary. — Davie Record.

Voice of the People.

[This column is open to our readers through which to voice their sentiments on any timely topic. We will be glad to receive communications from any of our readers. Make your articles reasonably short and to the point.]

Why Doesn't the Legislature do Something for the Common People.

Editor Caucasian:—I want to tell you that I still appreciate your good paper, the Caucasian. You still hit square from the shoulder, the naked truth and bare exposure of the working of our good Democratic Legislature should be told and exposed. But many of our Democratic friends, especially those who helped to elect and put them in office don't want to hear and know of their bad work. It was well said by somebody that the State would do well to pay them their full salaries and let them go home before they did any more bad legislating The most they have done is to raise the salaries of the office-holders and harangue over whiskey, and to promote the interests of corporations, etc. Why don't they do something for the common people of the State besides taxing them to death by appropriations for monuments and many other useless things that will never do the people a cent's worth of good. No use to waste the people's money in such an extravagant way as they are doing. But it all goes to show where we are drifting. Many of our good competent men of the old North State would be willing to fill these offices even at a reduced salary. The way things are going now, it won't be long before we shall be deprived of the liberties our forefathers bequeathed to us by their blood. Yes, they are being taken from us little by little, year by year, and I fear before long if these bosses are allowed to have their way we shall have to ask them what we shall eat, how we shall worship or vote as well as what we shall drink, etc. Liberty counts for but little now-a days in our State, except that kind that upholds the Democratic party and the schemes of its bosses. Our preachers and politicians seem to have fallen into the same ditch concerning whiskey. They seem to think that just now the world is about to be destroyed with whiskey and that the Lord will be entirely defeated in its salvation if they don't put their heads together right quick and come to his rescue by stopping the manufacturing and sale of whiskey. Dear me, how they do strain at gnats and swallow whop ping big things.

Well, I will send you a good comment on Port Arthur and the Russians, by the editor of the Liberal Review, published in Chicago, Ill. Here it is:

"Port Arthur—Let us show these heathens that God is on our side, said General Stoessel to his soldiers, at the commencement of hostilities nearly a year ago.

"Today Port Arthur has fallen, and we would be curious to know whether the brave Russian General is as sure as ever that God prefers Cossacks to Japs. Religions have only helped to divide manking, and to make each race fancy itself as the chosen of heaven. No doubt the Russians went into the war with utmost confidence that God would deliver up his yellow children, body and soul and goods to his pets, the Russians. The Spanish Archbishop, too, assured his countrymen that no heretic fire could harm the Catholic soldier carrying on his breast the image of the Virgin Mother of God. Who could prevail against so powerful a feminine intercessor? When the Turks fight the misbelievers, which is their name for all Europeans, they are inspired with the belief that Allah himself sharpens their scimitars and directs the bullets from their firearms.

"What prevents the consolidation of humanity—the brotherhood of man? It is not commerce; it is not science; it is revelation. God has spoken differently to each nation, according to what the priests say, and that is why they cannot unite into one glorious and rational humanity. As long as there are priests there will be divisions."

The above, Mr. Editor, is an explanation of the strife and bickerings that's are going on in the new world today, as well as the old world. And our preachers are just as capable of making these divisions as the priests.

Shall we ever be free from such divisions? Echo answews no!

THOS. MEADS.

Kehukee, Feb. 20, 1905.

STRIKES HIDDEN ROCK.

When your ship of health strikes the hidden rocks of Consumption, Pneumonia, etc, you are lost, if you don't get help from Dr. King's New Discovery for Consumption. J. W. M. Kinnon, of Talladega Springs, Ala., writes: "I had been very ill with Pneumonia, under the care of two doctors, but was getting no better when I began to take Dr. King's New Discovery The first dose does give relief, and one bottle cured me." Sure cure for sore throat, bronchitis, coughs and colds. Guaranteed at all druggists Price, 50c and $1.00. Trial bottle free.

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With The Lawmakers

Senator Duls of Charlotte, Tuesday, introduced a bill to elect the county board of education in Mecklenburg and Cleveland by a vote of the people.

The House Committee on penal institutions, Saturday afternoon, considered the various pending bills to establish a reformatory in North Carolina and acted adversely on all the bill.

The House Committee on Agriculture, Monday afternoon, decided to report unfavorably the bill to have the inspectors of the agricultural department inspect the oils sold in the State.

A bill has been introduced in the Legislature to provide for an election on the subject of establishing a dispensary in Dunn, Harnett county. This has been a prohibition territory, but now they say they need the money.

Mr. Cunningham's speech in the House Tuesday favoring the Ward bill was intended to be impressive, but instead it was amusing, if not ridiculous, especially as he afterwards voted against submitting the question of temperance to the voters of the State.

When the Ward bill was before the House Tuesday, one of the Democratic members who opposed the bill said that the Watt's law should have been named "a bill to increase the number of blockade distilleries in North Carolina," for this was what it had done. Another said the Ward bill should be called "a bill in favor of the 'whiskey trusts' in other States."

There were three conferences Tuesday between members of the Legislative committee, Governor Glenn, regarding the negotiations for the settlement of the bonds held by Shaffer Bros, of New York, against this State. There was nothing given to the press concerning the conference. The attorney from New York, representing Shaffer Bros., left yesterday for his home. He is reported to have said that he has nothing further to say to the Legislative committee as to the settlement of the bonds; that they can settle on the basis of the proposition they now have or they can let it alone, and he cares very little which they do. And if the legislature adjourns without providing for the settlement then agencies will be set in motion by the bondholders to get the full value of the bonds.

INCREDIBLE BRUTALITY.

It would have been incredible brutality if Chas. F. Lemberger, of Syracuse, N. Y., had not done the best he could for his suffering son. "My boy," he says 'cut a fearful gash over his eye, so I applied Bucklen's Arnica Salve, which quickly healed it and saved his eye. Good for burns and ulcers, too. Only 25c at all druggists.

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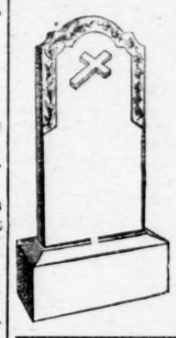

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THE CAUCASIAN

RALEIGH, N. C. March 2. 1904

Entered at the Post Office in Raleigh N. C., as second-class mail matter.

The News in Brief.

Mr. M. L. Wood, of Kelford, was in Raleigh yesterday on business.

The Japanese and Russians are still fighting near Mukden, but no decisive battles this week.

Hon. Thos. S. Rollins and Congressman Blackburn spent several days in the city last week.

Hon. J. C. Harris, Republican candidate for Governor in the last election, was in Raleigh yesterday.

Seven persons were killed and about fifty injured by the collapse of a colored church in New York Monday night.

Three State Senators in the California Legislature have been expelled on the charge of receiving bribes.

Mr. Andrew Edmunson, of Green county attempted to commit suicide by cutting his throat, in Goldsboro Tuesday.

There are several cases of smallpox at Shaw Univeasity, colored, in this city. The school has been quarantined. Some of the students were in the police court yesterday for breaking the quarantine.

The United States Senate Monday concluded the impeachment trial of Judge Charles Swayne, of the Northern District of Florida by acquitting him of all the charges in the articles of impeachment.

Sampson County.

This column will be devoted each week to communications and general news pertaining to Sampson County.

Messrs. Editors The Caucasian:—I just want a small space for a line or two to mention a few of the unpleasant words of Mr. Gardy of the 15th Senatorial District. I just want to say to Mr. Grady that our officers of Sampson county have been running our business for two or more years, and I am glad to say that our county is in the best shape that it has been in twenty years And now if the Democratic party is the best party to rule why in the thunder don't the good people of Sampson county elect them to office? I can tell you why they don't; they are afraid to trust them with their money. L. W. BAGGETT.

Herrings, Sampson Co, N. C.

A Word to Our Subscribers in Savannah County.

As we now have about one thousand readers in Sampson county, we have decided to devote one column of The Caucasian each week to timely communications and news of general interest pertaining to your county. We trust more of our readers in Sampson will take advantage of this opportunity to express their views on timely topics, also send us any news that would be of general interest to our readers in the county.

Agents to secure subscriptions are wanted in every township in the county. Write us for terms, etc.

STARTLING MORTALITY.

Statistics show startling mortality, from appendicitis and peritonitis. To prevent and cure these awful diseases, there is just one reliable remedy, Dr. King's New Life Pills. M. Flannery, of 14 Custom House Place, Chicago, says: "They have no equal for Constipation and Billiousness." 25c at all druggists.

A few bills looking to a reduction of expenses and lowering taxes would be welcomed by the people. —Davie Record.

Women as Well as Men Are Made Miserable by Kidney and Bladder Trouble.

Kidney trouble preys upon the mind, discourages and lessens ambition; beauty, vigor and cheerfulness soon disappear when the kidneys are out of order or diseased.

Kidney trouble has become so prevalent that it is not uncommon for a child to be born afflicted with weak kidneys. If the child urinates too often, if the urine scalds the flesh, or if, when the child reaches an age when it should be able to control the passage, it is yet afflicted with bed-wetting, depend upon it, the cause of the difficulty is kidney trouble, and the first step should be towards the treatment of these important organs. This unpleasant trouble is due to a diseased condition of the kidneys and bladder and not to a habit as most people suppose.

Women as well as men are made miserable with kidney and bladder trouble, and both need the same great remedy. The mild and the immediate effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It is sold by druggists, in fifty-cent and one-dollar size bottles. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also a pamphlet telling all about Swamp-Root, including many of the thousands of testimonial letters received from sufferers cured. In writing Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghamton, N. Y., be sure and mention this paper. Don't make any mistake, but remember the name, Swamp-Root, Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, and the address, Binghamton, N. Y., on every bottle,

Home of Swamp-Root.

Proceedings of the Legislature

(CONTINUED FROM FIRST PAGE)

The Ward bill prohibiting the manufacture of liquors in towns of less than 1,000 inhabitants, was passed in the House Tuesday by a vote of 74 to 35.

Several substitutes and amendments were offered to the bill. One by Turner, providing that the question of prohibition in each county be submitted to a vote of the people of each county, was voted down. Another substitute voted down was one by Mr. Koonce, calling for absolute prohibition in the State, subject to a vote of the people. An amendment offered by Murphy of Rowan, to prohibit the sale, as well as manufacture of liquor in towns of less than 1,000 population was voted down also. All of the amendments were voted down including one by Graham of Granville, to allow each town concerned to vote on the question, and those voting for distilleries to be governed by the Watts act.

SENATE—TUESDAY.

All the bills introduced were only of local importance. Among them was a bill by Sinclair of Cumberland to repeal the Cumberland county prohibition law, and a bill by Webb of Buncombe to call for an election in Asheville on the establishment of a liquor dispensary. A bill to provide for holding an election in Ayden, in Pitt county, on dispensary, became a law. A bill passed the House to increase the number of commissioners of Beaufort county.

FROM OUR EXCHANGES.

Some Squibs of Interest We Have Gathered With Our Paste-Pot and Shears.

If the Legislature keeps up its gait there may be other bonds to repudiate.—Graham Tribune.

The question with the present Legislature seems not to be whether temperance is good for the State as a whole but whether it is for the Democratic party.—North State.

Glen Williams' open letter to the Legislature will not save his business, but it shows up the powers that be in the Legislature in a pretty bad light.—Charlotte Observer.

With the 150 gallons of whiskey we get from Salisbury daily, a like amount from Norfolk, Va., and a few jugs, kegs, now and then a dozen packages of case goods from Atlanta, Savannah, Roanoke, Richmond, Lynchburg and Louisville. We are making out fairly well, thank you.—Peoples Paper.

Southern Democrats can't elect a President; that seems to be settled, but it begins to look as if they can capture one that the other fellows elected.—Times-Dispatch.

Really, it looks like there is a chance for Democracy to become sane and sound through the influence of our great President. "While the lamp holds out to burn the vilest sinner may return." — Davie Record.

At Tuesday night's session the House passed the machinery and Revenue bill. The bill dividing the State into two judicial circuits was tabled. The bill to issued $100,000 for the erection of a hall records, was lost. At yesterday's session a message was received from the Governor, advocating an appropriation of $5,000 for a school at Spray, N. C. The bill establishing this school was introduced.

THE COLONEL'S WATERLOO.

Colonel John M. Fuller, of Honey Grove, Texas, nearly met his Waterloo from Liver and Kidney trouble. In a recent letter, he says: "I was nearly dead, of these complaints, and, although I tried my family doctor, he did me no good; so I got a 50c bottle of your great Electric Bitters, which cured me. I consider them the best medicine on earth, and thank God who gave you the knowledge to make them." Sold, and guaranteed to cure, Dyspepsia, Billousness and Kidney Disease, by all druggists, at 50c a bottle.

Doctor—I don't think it is anything very serious, but you will have to stay in bed at least two weeks.

Patient—Say, doctor, do you know that this is a four-dollar-a-day hotel?

Doctor—Yes, I am a friend of the proprietor.—Chicago Journal.

If the Baby is Cutting Teeth

Be sure and use that old and well-tried remedy, MRS. WINSLOW SOOTHING SYRUP, for children teething. It soothes the child, softens the gums, allays all pain, cures wind colic, and is the best remedy for Diarrhœa. Twenty-five cents a bottle.

THOUSANDS SAVED BY DR. KING'S NEW DISCOVERY

This wonderful medicine positively cures Consumption, Coughs Colds, Bronchitis, Asthma, Pneumonia, Hay Fever, Pleurisy, La-Grippe, Hoarseness, Sore Throat, Croup and Whooping Cough. Every bottle guaranteed. No Cure. No Pay. Price 50c. & $1. Trial bottle free.

A Scotchman on the Legislature.

Mr. Editor:—I voted for prohibition two years ago, but would to God that our legislators would tank up on good old North Carolina apple brandy, then perhaps they could think of something to do for their constituants who have stability enough about them to stay away from Keely. Wine is mocking, strong drink is raging, and whosoever has been deceived thereby is not wise.

A SCOTCHMAN.

Mental

Strain Affected General Health.

Doctor's Doses Weakened Stomach.

Dr. Miles' Nervine Cured Me.

Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine brings rest and sweet sleep to the tired brain worn out with the cares and anxieties of the sick room. Read the following:

"I have always been healthy with the exception of a touch of rheumatism since my age came on, up to the time of my husband's last illness some years ago. I assisted in nursing my husband for nearly three months when he departed this life and the mental strain I think caused my trouble. Aside from extreme nervousness my trouble commenced with sore throat and neuralgia. My physician gave me purgative doses which weakened me very much and my stomach for a time seemed inactive. Mental strain and the dormant condition of stomach soon told upon my general health. I had little appetite and was soon forced to stay in bed a greater part of the time. Within a week after the time I began taking Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine and Tonic I was up about the house. I continued their use until completely cured. My faith in Dr. Miles' Remedies has been strengthened by experience of other people, our daughter having used Restorative Nervine with splendid results in a case of paralysis and a friend to whom I sent a box of the Anti-Pain Pills reports that she has been completely cured of neuralgia by their use. I know of a number of others whom your medicine has helped in a large degree. I wish you continued success." —MRS. FRANCES COFFMAN, Dayton, Va.

All druggists sell and guarantee first bottle Dr. Miles' Remedies. Send for free book on Nervous and Heart Diseases. Address Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

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PILES, PIMPLES, OLD SORES, ETC. CAN BE CURED AT SMALL COST. READ THE FOLLOWING LETTER.

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GENTLEMEN—Enclosed find one dollar to pay for another bottle of EC-ZINE and 25 cents for Ec-zin Soap. I have used nearly all the bottle you sent me and it has done more for me than all other treatments combined that I have employed for the last 7 years. I have Eczema on both legs from ankle to knee and I have been so bad at times I had to go on stilts. Since I commenced the use of EC-ZINE my trouble has nearly disappeared, in fact it feels like it was well, but there are a few rough spots yet and I don't want to stop treatment with one bottle. Send me another bottle as soon as possible and for the sake of soap, after I use it I expect to be perfectly cured and then I will tell you all about it. I have been under treatment for four years and I can hardly begin to tell you what I have suffered and the great trouble and expense I have endured in that time, but I have great hopes that I will soon be cured. I certainly believe I have struck the right remedy at last. With best wishes I am

Yours truly, D. L. ALEXANDER
Mt. Pleasant, N. C.

$50. Reward will be paid for any skin disease, ECZEMA, PILES, BLOOD POISON, PIMPLES, RING WORM, etc., which the new Radium remedy—EC-ZINE will not cure promptly. Send today for a FREE treatment, sufficient to cure any ordinary case

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Tom Watson's Magazine

"THE MAGAZINE THAT HAS AN IDEA BACK OF IT."

Have you heard that Hon. Thos. E. Watson of Georgia has begun the publication of a magazine?

—o—

You know who Mr. Watson is? He's the man who wrote "The Story of France," "Life of Napoleon," and "The Life and Times of Thomas Jefferson." He was the People's Party candidate for President last year.

—o—

First number of Tom Watson's Magazine will be published February 25. For sale at all news stand. Price, 10c. By mail, $1 per year. You will miss the most interesting 128-page magazine in America if you fail to get this number. Ask your newsdealers for Tom Watson's Magazine—or better still, send a dollar for a year's subscription to

TOM WATSON'S MAGAZINE,
121 West 42nd Street,
New York City, N. Y.

Be A Real Woman.

No. 805 Pease Avenue,
HOUSTON, TEXAS, May 14, 1903.

I was barren during the six years of married life, suffering with painful menstruation and a dozen other aches and pains. I was a poor excuse for a wife as I was not able to be up more than about half the time and daily grew weaker and weaker.

Wine of Cardui changed me into a different woman in five short months, made me robust and strong.

I am very grateful to you for my good health and am today blessed with a baby who is the pride of our home and this is all due to your medicine.

Mrs. Carlie Mason

VICE-PRESIDENT, HOUSTON MOTHERS' CLUB.

Wine of Cardui brings health to sick women. Wine of Cardui brings children to barren homes.

How can any woman refuse the health Mrs. Mason has? Any woman can secure exactly the same relief if she will take Wine of Cardui. Wine of Cardui is a certain cure for menstrual irregularities. It will not do impossibilities but it does cure bearing-down pains, makes motherhood possible for barren wives and relieves the pains at the monthly period.

Secure a bottle of Wine of Cardui today.

All druggists sell $1.00 bottles Wine of Cardui.

WINE of CARDUI

HERMAN STRAUS & SONS CO.,

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We bought all the manufacturer had, therefore this low price made of

WHITE INDIA LINON, TRIMMED WITH EMBROIDERY, VALENCIENNES CLUSTER TUCKS, AND FAGOTTING, ALSO PLAIN UNOIN LINON TAILORED EFFECTS,

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Mention Bust Measure.

Write to Department Z.

THESE COST YOU NOTHING.

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SAMPLES OF SILKS, SAMPLES OF LACES,
SAMPLES OF EMBROIDERIES.

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ANNOUNCES THE INAUGURATION OF THE SHOO-FLY TRAIN

Between Weldon and Raleigh

WITH CONNETIONS FROM OXFORD, LOUISBURG AND WARRENTON, COMMENCING

MONDAY, JANUARY 9TH.

The Seaboard Airline takes great pleasure in announcing the inauguration of the Shoo-Fly train between Weldon and Raleigh, making

No. 29.		No. 30.	
Leaves Weldon	6:45 a. m.	Leaves Raleigh	5:00 p. m.
Arrives Norlina	8:00 a. m.	Arrives Franklinton	6:03 p. m.
Leaves Norlina	8:20 a. m.	Arrives Henderson	6:29 p. m.
Arrives Henderson	8:53 a. m.	Arrives Norlina	6:55 p. m.
Arrives Franklinton	9:25 a. m.	Leaves Norlina	7:15 p. m.
Arrives Raleigh	10:15 a. m.	Arrives Weldon	8:30 p. m.

No. 29		No. 30.	
Lv. Oxford	7:45 am.	Lv. Henderson	9:00 am. 6:40 pm.
Ar. Henderson	8:30 am.	Ar. Oxford	9:45 am. 7:25 pm.
Lv. Louisburg	8:50 am.	Lv. Franklinton	6:10 pm.
Ar. Franklinton	9:25 am.	Ar. Louisburg	6:35 pm.

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Account of the President's Inauguration March 4th, the Seaboard announces rate on one fare plus 25 cents from all points on its line to Washinton and return. Tickets will be sold March 2nd and 3rd, final limt March 18th upon payment of fee of one dollar. For Military Companies and Brass Band, one cent per mile per capita for 25 or more on one ticket

We have double daily service from principal points in North Carolina without change to Washington, trains consisting of vestibuled day coaches, dining and sleeping cars.

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CHAS. H. GATTIS,
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SPECIAL RATES

To New Orleans, La.,
Pensacola, Fla.,
Mobile, Ala.,

—ACCOUNT OF—

Mardi Gras Celebration

MARCH 2nd TO 7th

Seaboard Airline Ry.

The Seaboard announces a rate of one fare plus 25 cents from all points on its line to New Orleans, La., Pensacola, Fla., and Mobile, Ala., and return, account of the Mardi Gras Celebration at these points, March 2nd to 7th. Tickets will be sold 1st to 6th, inclusive, with final limit to leave all three points not later than March 11th, except on payment of fee of 50 cents and an extension of limit can be obtained until March 25th.

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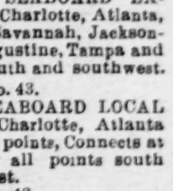

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Short Line to principal cities of the South and Southwest, Florida, Cuba, Texas, California and Mexico, also north and northwest, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia New York, Boston, Cincinnati, Chicago, Indianapolis, St. Louis, Memphis and Kansas City.

Schedule effective January 8th, 1905.

Trains leaves Raleigh as follows:

No. 50. NORTHBOUND.

1:25 a. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS," for Portsmouth, Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York, Boston and all points North, Northeast and Northwest.

No. 38.

11:00 a. m. "SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL" for ALL LOCAL points Raleigh to Portsmouth, Norlina to Richmond; connects at Henderson for Oxford and Weldon with A. C. L., at Portsmouth-Norfolk with ALL STEAMERS for points North and Northeast

No. 66.

11:50 a. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Richmond, Washington, Baltimore, Philadelphia, New York and Boston. Connects at Richmond with C. & O. for Cincinnatti, Chicago and St. Louis, at Washington with Penna, B. & O. for all points.

No. 67. SOUTHBOUND.

4:15 a. m. "SEABOARD EXPRESS" for Charlotte, Atlanta, Columbia, Savannah, Jacksonville, St. Augustine, Tampa and all points south and southwest.

No. 43.

4:00 p. m. SEABOARD LOCAL MAIL for Charlotte, Atlanta and all local points, Connects at Atlanta for all points south and southwest.

No. 43.

7:00 p. m. "SEABOARD MAIL" for Southern Pines, Pinehurst Atlanta, Columbia, Charleston, Savannah, Jacksonville, Tampa and all points south and southwest.

Tickets on sale to all points, Pullman berths reserved, tickets delivered at residence from

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C. H. GATTIS, T. P. A.,
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SPECIAL REPRESENTATIVE in this county and adjoining territories to represent and advertise an old established business house of solid financial standing. Salary $21 weekly, with expenses, advanced each Monday by check direct from headquarters. Horse and buggy furnished when necessary; position permanent. Address, Blew Brothers & Co., Monon Bldg, Chicago, Ill.

FOR OVER TWENTY YEARS

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HAVE HELD THE RECORD IN NORTH CAROLINA

FARMERS' BONE, For Cotton. ORINOCA, For Tobacco.

TRADE MARK
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SEE THAT THE TRADE MARK IS ON EVERY BAG. NONE GENUINE WITHOUT IT.

Ask your dealers for ROYSTER'S GOODS, and don't take substitutes. For sale everywhere.

NORFOLK, VA.
COLUMBIA, S. C.

F. S. Royster Guano Company.

TARBORO, N. C.
MACON, GA.

The best evidences of religion are not in arguments, but in lives.

SALT RHEUM ON HANDS

Suffered Agony and Had to Wear Bandages All the Time—Another Cure by Cuticura.

Another cure by Cuticura is told of by Mrs. Caroline Cable, of Waupoca, Wis., in the following grateful letter: "My husband suffered agony with salt rheum on his hands, and I had to keep them bandaged all the time. We tried everything we could get, but nothing helped him until he used Cuticura. One set of Cuticura Soap, Ointment and Pills cured him entirely, and his hands have been as smooth as possible ever since. I hope this letter will be the means of helping other sufferers."

All gain that costs character is an immeasurable loss.

To Cure a Cold in One Day
Take Laxative Bromo Quinine Tablets. All druggists refund money if it fails to cure. E. W. Grove's signature is on box. 25c.

The King of Italy spends much of his time hunting.

Mrs. Winslow's Soothing Syrup for children teething, softens the gums, reduces inflammation, allays pain, cures wind colic, 25c. a bottle.

I do not believe Piso's Cure for Consumption has a equal for coughs and colds.—JOHN F. BOYER, Trinity Springs, Ind., Feb. 15, 1900.

Some men are cynics because they are unable to make a living at anything else.

A Guaranteed Cure For Piles.
Itching, Blind, Bleeding or Protruding Piles. Druggists will refund money if Pazo Ointment fails to cure in 6 to 14 days. 50c.

Rear-Admiral Rojestvensky is fifty-six years of age.

Itch cured in 20 minutes by Woolford's Sanitary Lotion. Never Fails. Sold by all druggists, $1. Mail orders promptly filled by Dr. E. Detchon, Crawfordsville, Ind.

Justice Clark, of New York, has decided that a sandwich is not a meal.

COULDN'T LIFT TEN POUNDS.

Doan's Kidney Pills Brought Strength and Health to the Sufferer, Making Him Feel Twenty-Five Years Younger

J. B. CORTON.

J. B. Corton, farmer and lumberman, of Deppe, N. C., says: "I suffered for years with my back. It was so bad that I could not walk any distance nor even ride in easy buggies. I do not believe I could have raised ten pounds of weight from the ground, the pain was so severe. This was my condition when I began using Doan's Kidney Pills. They quickly relieved me, and now I am never troubled as I was. My back is strong and I can walk or ride a long distance and feel just as strong as I did twenty-five years ago. I think so much of Doan's Kidney Pills that I have given a supply of the remedy to some of my neighbors, and they have also found good results. It you can sift anything from this rambling note that will be of any service to you, or to any one suffering from kidney trouble you are at liberty to do so."

A TRIAL FREE—Address Foster-Milburn Co., Buffalo, N. Y. For sale by all dealers. Price 50 cents.

Quite extensive coal mines are now being worked on the island of Sumatra, in the Dutch East Indies.

Some people think the road to Heaven is a switch-back where they need the descent into sin to give the impetus for the rise into glory.

FITS permanently cured. No fits or nervousness after first day's use of Dr. Kline's Great Nerve Restorer, $2 trial bottle and treatise free Dr. R. H. KLINE, Ltd., 931 Arch St., Phila., Pa.

English women universally condemn the American short-skirt habit.

Taylor's Cherokee Remedy of Sweet Gum and Mullen is Nature's great remedy—Cures Coughs, Colds, Croup and Consumption, and all throat and lung troubles. At druggists, 25c., 50c. and $1.00 per bottle.

It would be hard if we had nothing at the heavenly feast but the things we have given at donation parties.

Millions of Vegetables.
When the Editor read 10,000 plants for 16c, he could hardly believe it, but upon second reading finds that the John A. Salzer Seed Co., La Crosse, Wis., than whom there are no more reliable and extensive seed growers in the world, makes

this offer which is made to get you to test Salzer's Warranted Vegetable Seeds. They will send you their big plant and seed catalog, together with enough seed to grow

1,000 fine, solid Cabbages,
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1,000 rare, luscious Radishes,
1,000 gloriously brilliant Flowers,

ALL FOR BUT 16c POSTAGE,

providing you will return this notice, and if you will send them 20c in postage, they will add to the above a package of famous Berliner Cauliflower. [A. C. L.]

You get what you want if you want it with both feet. So. 9.

Dropsy CURED Gives Quick Relief.
Removes all swelling in 8 to 20 days; effects a permanent cure in 30 to 60 days. Trial treatment given free. Nothing can be fairer. Write Dr. H. H. Green's Sons, Specialists, Box B Atlanta, Ga.

PISO'S CURE FOR
CURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use in time. Sold by druggists.
CONSUMPTION
25 CTS

SHE WOULDN'T TALK

Mrs. Chadwick Declined to Divulge All She Knows

REFEREE SCOLDED HER IN VAIN

Supported by Her Counsel, the Female Financier Refuses Even to Give Her Name in Bankruptcy Proceedings Which She Declares Closely Allied to the Criminal Proceedings Against Her—Consented to be Sworn With Reluctance—Will Testify at a Hearing March 13, if Criminal Case Has Then Been Concluded.

Cleveland, O., Special.—Mrs. Chadwick, when placed on the stand in the bankruptcy proceedings against her before Referee Remington, she refused at first to be sworn. After consultation with her attorneys she finally consented to take the oath. She was then asked to state her name. She refused to reply to this or any other questions that followed.

Mrs. Chadwick sought refuge in her privileges as an accused person, and she refused to answer most of the questions on the ground that what she said might tend to aid the prosecution of her criminal cases. Referee Remington found in her favor, although he insisted, against her counsel's wishes, in making her give a quasi-explanation of her refusal.

"My financial affairs are so closely allied with the case in the Federal Court that anything affecting the one must necessarily affect the other," said Mrs. Chadwick, and the referee declared that that explanation of her position was as admirably expressed as it could be.

"What they want is to get possession of our information," stoutly declared Attorney Dawley, on behalf of Mrs. Chadwick.

Despite Dawley's objections and his irate declarations that Mrs. Chadwick was being unjustly and improperly imposed on Mrs. Chadwick was forced to take the stand and be sworn. This she did very gracefully, smiling pleasantly and cheerfully, as the referee administered the oath. But she refused to say that she was Mrs. Cassie L. Chadwick, and smilingly persisted in that course. Referee Remington vainly appealed to her, explained to her, cajoled her, and almost threatened her. Mrs. Chadwick was an interested listener to all he had to say, but his conversation moved her not a jot. Finally Remington grew a little exasperated at her cheerful indifference.

"Is this by your advice?" he sternly inquired of Dawley.

"I refuse to answer," was Dawley's reply. "Counsel can take care of himself," he said significantly. "I am not under obligations to disclose to any one, not even the court, the nature of my professional advice to my client."

The entire examination was a series of wrangles and disputes. Mrs. Chadwick answered a few questions but her answers were remarkably free from information. Finally the court and counsel agreed to resume the hearing March 13, with the understanding that Mrs. Chadwick would testify freely on that date if the criminal cases against her had been disposed of by that time.

Virginia Cadet in Trouble.

Annapolis, Md., Special.—For leaving the Academy enclosure and going to Baltimore, where he spent Thursday night without notifying or asking permission of the authorities at the Naval Academy, Midshipman Bradley S. Johnson is confined aboard the prison ship Santee, awaiting the Department's action in his case. Young Johnson, who is from Richmond, Va., is a member of next year's graduating class. He is a grandson of the late General Bradley T. Johnson, the noted Confederate officer, and a son of Col. Bradley S. Johnson, of the famous Maryland Line, of the Confederate Army. Midshipman Johnson's offense is a serious one, which places him in danger of being expelled from the Academy.

No Filibustering.

Mobile, Ala., Special.—In an interview Mr. D. M. Moraques, consul for Nicarauga, and also an extensive ship owner whose vessels touch at all Central and South American ports and also in Mexico, stated that nothing in the way of filibustering is going on in Mobile. He is in a position to know because he has close communication with all vessels touching at Mobile. There is no gathering of laborers for any foreign country there.

Gen. Miles to Retain Full Play.

Washington, Special.—The conferees on the army appropriation bill perfected an agreement which covers all points of difference. The agreement regarded as most important is that affecting the pay of retired officers and involving the pay of General Miles, who at present is the recipient of the full pay of a lieutenant general. The effect of the agreement as to General Miles is to give him his full retired pay, without reference to any compensation he may receive for service on the staff of the Governor of Massachusetts.

Want Lower Raw Cotton.

Fall River, Mass., Special.—The sales in the print cloth market this week will reach a total of about 150,000 pieces. The general market for printing cloths without special feature. The tone is quiet and steady and prices for both wide and narrow standards are unchanged on a basis of 2 5-8 for regulars. Little cotton is being purchased, as manufacturers generally believe in a lower market for the raw material.

No News From the Front.

St. Petersburg, By Cable.—A second day has passed without dispatches having been given out from General Kuropatkin, which is interpreted to support the rumors that great events are in progress in Manchuria. The War Office, however, steadfastly maintains that there is no important news and that there have been no developments since the last dispatches made public, in which the commander-in-chief reported all quiet with the exception of minor operations towards the eastward.

WORK OF CONGRESS

The Senate and House Regularly at Work—What They are Doing.

Mr. Webb's Fight For Free Cotton.

Congressman Webb Tuesday made a strenuous and all but successful effort to so amend the Philippine tariff bill as to remove the duty on cotton. On the first vote, the majority lined up in support of the North Carolina member, but Mr. Scott, of Kansas, who was in the chair, rescued the situation for the committee having charge of the bill by announcing that a second vote would be taken, owing to the fact that there had been so much confusion in the chamber. The amendment was then voted down by the small majority of 99 to 95, and motion to recommit the bill, made by Mr. Cooper, ranking minority member of the ways and means committee, failed to effect any material change in the Republican majority. When Mr. Webb was advocating the adoption of his amendment, Mr. Payne took issue with him, whereupon the North Carolina member asked the Republican floor leader if he did not know that removal of duty on cotton would aid the Republican mill owners of Fall River. Mr. Payne said he did not know that it would, to which Mr. Webb replied that it was the duty of the chairman of the ways and means committee to know a fact so potent.

Rate Bill to Go Over.

The Senate Tuesday passed the Military Academy appropriation bill and began consideration of the Indian appropriation bill. Early in the day, in response to a question, Mr. Elkins, chairman of the committee of inter-State commerce, expressed the opinion that it would be impossible to secure railroad rate legislation during the present session of Congress. The Senate took up the isthmian canal bill, and agreed to meet an hour earlier to-morrow, in order to advance the bill. Ex-Senator Higgins finished his preliminary statement in opening the defense for Judge Swayne, and one witness for Judge Swayne was examined.

Mr. Elkins, in his statement, regarding the railway rate bill, said: "No decision as to an effort to pass the bill this session has been reached, but with the limited time at their disposal, it would seem that there is very little prospect of that result before adjournment, with only ten days of the session left and with much other imperative business to be performed. It would hardly seem probable that the most important economic question of the day could be disposed of in so short a time, and especially in view of the fact that only one side of the question has so far been presented to the committee."

Mr. Carmack, a member of the committee on inter-State commerce, excused himself from speaking for the committee, on the ground that "such joyous harmony exists there as to obliterate party lines." He said he could assure the Senate that all of the committee are actuated by a keen desire to execute at the earliest possible moment the promises made by the President of the United States, and through the medium of the Democratic platform, and to add that it is the intention of the whole committee to be guided in this matter by the President. Indeed," he added, "I may go further, and say, and the chairman of the committee will correct me if I am wrong, that I am authorized to inform the Senate that all the members recognize in the President the foremost disciple and ablest lieutenant of William J. Bryan." The statement caused a general burst of laughter, and the incident closed.

When the hearing in the Swayne impeachment trial was resumed, Mr. Hale presented an order for a vote in the Swayne case at 4 p. m. Saturday, and asked that it go over. He said he would insist upon the liberal enforcement of the rule governing the closing arguments in the case.

Mr. Palmer replied that the House managers would desire at least six hours for the presentation of the case for the prosecution. He said that each of the managers would desire to be heard.

Senate Gets Busy.

The Senate Wednesday considered at some length the bill providing a civil government for the Panama Canal zone. The question of the government's ownership of the Panama Railroad and its relationship to the general question of government ownership of railroads was debated freely.

A number of witnesses were examined on behalf of Judge Swayne in the impeachment proceeding against him. Washington's Farewell was read by Mr. Perkins at the beginning of the session.

Mr. Hale re-introduced in somewhat different form his resolution to bring the Swayne impeachment trial to a close next Saturday, saying that he hoped, in view of information received, he would not be compelled to again call it up. This information, he said, was to the effect that an arrangement was being perfected whereby the trial might be terminated by the end of the present week. He added that unless such an arrangement could be consummated he would find some way of bringing the matter to the attention of the Senate so as to get a vote. He said that in order to get action upon the appropriation bills it was absolutely necessary to promptly dispose of the trial.

Mr. Bacon objected to undue expedition in disposing of the Swayne matter, saying that while he agreed with Mr. Hale as to the importance of pressing consideration of the regular business of the Senate, he regarded the trial as a constitutional function of great importance, and therefore desiring of most careful consideration. He suggested longer daily sessions of the Senate.

Consideration of the bill for the government of the Panama Canal zone was then resumed. Mr. Morgan took exception to some of the provisions of the bill, among them one authorizing the deposit of $1,500,000 to facilitate work on the canal. He saw no necessity, he said, for employing a bank for that service. He considered the provision as in the interest of some favorite bank.

House Sends Back Army Bill.

After a brief but spirited debate, the House sent back to conference the army appropriation bill. All Senate amendments again were disagreed to, with the single exception of one appropriating $95,000 for continuing the cable from Valdez to Seward, Alaska. There was renewed discussion of the provision regarding retired officers on duty with the militia of the several States, the name of Gen. Nelson A. Miles once more figuring conspicuously in the debate. Determined opposition developed to a motion by Mr. Ames, of Massachusetts, to agree to the Senate amendment on the subject, which is favorable to the retention of full retired pay by officers of high rank serving with militia organizations. Mr. Ames said the appointment of General Miles as inspector general of Massachusetts was a political one.

HONOR OF BIRTHDAY

Natal Day of George Washington Was Fittingly Observed

GOOD SPEECH BY THE PRESIDENT

Representatives of Three World Powers Participate in the Exercises at the University of Pennsylvania, and President Roosevelt, the German Emperor and the British Ambassador Were Among Those Honored With the Doctorate of Laws.

Philadelphia, Special—Commeration of Washington's birthday by the University of Pennsylvania was made notable by the fact that representatives of three world powers participated in the exercises, as follows: The United States, represented by the Chief Executive of the nation, President Roosevelt; Germany, represented by Baron Von Speek Sternberg, ambassador to this country, who acted as the personal representative of Emperor William, and Sir Henry Mortimer Durand, the British ambassador. The occasion was marked by one of the most enthusiastic demonstrations ever witnessed in the Academy of Music, where the exercises were held. President Roosevelt was the orator of the day, his theme being "Some Maxims of Washington."

The degree of doctor of laws was conferred upon the President, the German Emperor, the British ambassador, Rear Admiral Charles E. Clark, United States navy; United States Senator Philander C. Knox, and David T. Watson, a distinguished lawyer of Pittsburg. Thomas Bailey Aldrich, the poet and author, received the degree of letters, and upon Robert Simpson Woodward, president of the Carnegie Institute, was conferred the degree of doctor of science. Baron Von Speck Sternberg received the degree for Emperor William.

When the President appeared on the stage the band played "Hail to the Chief," and the entire assemblage arose and cheered for nearly five minutes. It was a splendid ovation and the President smiled his appreciation, bowing his acknowledgement at its conclusion.

As each candidate was presented by Dr. S. Weir Mitchell for the degree, he was greeted by the students with lusty "hoorays" and college cries. During his address, the President was repeatedly cheered, and his reference to the navy, which he addressed directly to Admiral Clark, who sat on his left, aroused great enthusiasm. The President spoke in part as follows:

THE PRESIDENT'S SPEECH.

As a nation we have had our full share of great men, but the two men of pre-eminent greatness who, as the centuries go on, will surely loom above all others, are Washington and Lincoln; and it is particularly fitting that their birthdays should be celebrated every year and the meaning of their lives brought home close to us.

No other city in the country is so closely identified with Washington's career as Philadelphia. He served here in 1775 in the Continental Congress. He was here as commander of the army at the time of the battle of Brandywine and Germantown; and it was near here that with that army he faced the desolate winter at Valley Forge, the winter which marked the turning point of the Revolutionary war. Here he came again as president of the convention which framed the constitution and then as President of the United States, and finally as lieutenant general of the army, after he had retired from the presidency.

One hundred and eight years ago just before he left the presidency, he issued his farewell address, and in it he laid down certain principles, which he believed should guide the citizens of this republic for all time to come, his own words being, "which appear to me all-important to the permanency of your felicity as a people."

Washington, though in some ways an even greater man than Lincoln, did not have Lincoln's wonderful gift of expression—that gift which makes certain speeches of the rail-splitter from Illinois read like the inspired utterances of the great Hebrew seers and prophets. But he had all of Lincoln's sound common sense, far-sightedness, and devotion to a lofty ideal. Like Lincoln, he sought after them by thoroughly practical methods. These two greatest Americans can fairly be called the best among the great men of the world, and greatest among the good men of the world. Each showed in actual practice his capacity to secure under our system the priceless union of individual liberty with governmental strength. Each was as free from the vices of the tyrant as from the vices of the demagogue. To each the empty futility of the mere doctrinaire was as alien as the baseness of the merely self-seeking politician. Each was incapable alike of the wickedness which seeks by force of arms to wrong others and of the no less criminal weakness which fails to provide effectively against being wronged by others.

Among Washington's maxims which he bequeathed to his countrymen were the two following: "Observe good faith and justice toward all nations," and "To be prepared for war is the most effective means to promote peace." These two principles taken together should form the basis of our whole foreign policy. Neither is sufficient taken by itself. It is not merely an idle dream, but a most mischievous dream, to believe that mere refraining from wrongdoing will insure us against being wronged. Yet, on the other hand, a nation prepared for war is a menace to mankind unless the national purpose is to treat other nations with good faith and justice.

FROM DR. HOHENZOLLERN.

"Dr. Charles C. Harrison, Provost of the University of Philadelphia, Philadelphia:

"I am truly glad that the University has tendered me at the same time with President Roosevelt the academic honor that once clothed George Washington. I beg you to accept with my thanks my best wishes for the continued growth and prosperity of the University.

WILHELM. I. R."

Lee to See Cannon.

Norfolk, Special—General Fitzhugh Lee, president of the Jamestown Exposition Company, left here for Washington with the hope of being able to induce Speaker Cannon, of the House of Representatives, to change his attitude toward the bill making an appropriation for the Jamestown Exposition on Hampton Roads in 1907, which bill has been approved and recommended by the House committee on industrial arts and expositions.

A HEALTHY OLD AGE

OFTEN THE BEST PART OF LIFE

Help for Women Passing Through Change of Life

Providence has allotted us each at least seventy years in which to fulfill our mission in life, and it is generally our own fault if we die prematurely.

Mrs. Mary Koehne

Nervous exhaustion invites disease. This statement is the positive truth.

When everything becomes a burden and you cannot walk a few blocks without excessive fatigue, and you break out into perspiration easily, and your face flushes, and you grow excited and shaky at the least provocation, and you cannot bear to be crossed in anything, you are in danger; your nerves have given out; you need building up at once! To build up woman's nervous system and during the period of change of life we know of no better medicine than Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound. Here is an illustration. Mrs. Mary L. Koehne, 371 Garfield Avenue, Chicago, Ill., writes:

"I have used Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound for years in my family and it never disappoints; so when I felt that I was nearing the change of life I commenced treatment with it. I took in all about six bottles and it did me a great deal of good. It stopped my dizzy spells, pains in my back and the headaches with which I had suffered for months before taking the Compound. I feel that if it had not been for this great medicine for women that I should not have been alive to-day. It is splendid for women, old or young, and will surely cure all female disorders."

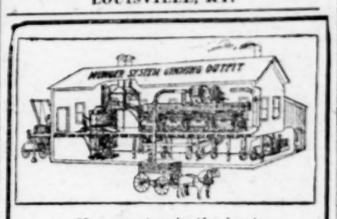
Mrs. Pinkham, of Lynn, Mass., invites all sick and ailing women to write her for advice. Her great experience is at their service, free of cost.

Write Quick FOR A Big Bargain
To better advertise the South's Leading Business College, four scholarships are offered young persons of this county at less than cost. WRITE TODAY.
GA-ALA. BUSINESS COLLEGE, Macon, Ga.

No More Blind Horses!
For Specific Ophthalmia, Moon Blindness and other SORE EYES, BARRY CO., Dept. C, Iowa City, Ia
HAVE A SURE CURE.

SEED CORN, Get the best. One pound American Queen 25c. postpaid. This Corn has made 125 bushels per acre. Write quick for catalogue. R. P. DALTON, Danville, Va.

CONCENTRATED
Crab Orchard WATER
TRADE MARK
—A SPECIFIC FOR—
Dyspepsia
Sick Headache
Constipation...
The Three "Ills" That Make Life a Burden.
Nature's Great Remedy
In Use for Almost a Century.
SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS.
CRAB ORCHARD WATER CO.,
LOUISVILLE, KY.



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Cotton Gin Machinery
Ask any experienced Ginner about
Pratt, Eagle, Smith
Winship, Munger
We would like to show you what thousands of life long customers say. Write for catalog and testimonial booklet.
Continental Gin Co
Charlotte, N. C., Atlanta, Ga. Birmingham, Ala. Memphis, Tenn., Dallas, Tex.

Salzer's National Oats
Greatest oat of the century. Yielded in Ohio 167, in Mich. 231, in Mo. 255, and in N. Dakota 310 bus. per acre. You can beat that record in 1905.
For 10c and this notice
we mail you free lots of farm seed samples and our big catalog, telling all about this oat wonder and thousands of other seeds.
JOHN A. SALZER SEED CO.
La Crosse, Wis.

Conviction Follows Trial

When buying loose coffee or anything your grocer happens to have in his bin, **how do you know what you are getting?** Some queer stories about coffee that is sold in bulk, could be told, if the people who handle it (grocers), cared to speak out.

Could any amount of mere talk have persuaded millions of housekeepers to use

Lion Coffee,

the leader of all package coffees for over a quarter of a century, if they had not found it superior to all other brands in

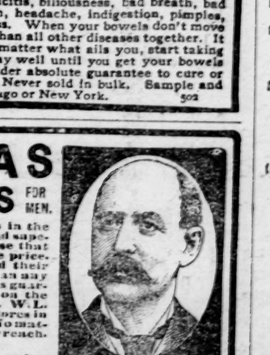
Purity, Strength, Flavor and Uniformity?

This popular success of LION COFFEE can be due only to inherent merit. There is no stronger proof of merit than continued and increasing popularity.

If the verdict of MILLIONS OF HOUSEKEEPERS does not convince you of the merits of LION COFFEE, it costs you but a trifle to buy a package. It is the easiest way to convince yourself, and to make you a PERMANENT PURCHASER.

LION COFFEE is sold only in 1 lb. sealed packages, and reaches you as pure and clean as when it left our factory.
Lion-head on every package.
Save these Lion-heads for valuable premiums.

SOLD BY GROCERS EVERYWHERE
WOOLSON SPICE CO., Toledo, Ohio.



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CANDY CATHARTIC

GUARANTEED CURE for all bowel troubles, appendicitis, biliousness, bad breath, bad blood, wind on the stomach, bloated bowels, foul mouth, headache, indigestion, pimples, pains after eating, liver trouble, sallow skin and dizziness. When your bowels don't move regularly you are sick. Constipation kills more people than all other diseases together. It starts chronic ailments and long years of suffering. No matter what ails you, start taking CASCARETS today, for you will never get well and stay well until you get your bowels right. Take our advice, start with Cascarets today under absolute guarantee to cure or money refunded. The genuine tablet stamped C C C. Never sold in bulk. Sample and booklet free. Address Sterling Remedy Company, Chicago or New York. 502

W. L. DOUGLAS
UNION MADE $3.50 & $3.00 SHOES FOR MEN.

W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are the greatest sellers in the world because of their excellent style, easy fitting and superior wearing qualities. They are just as good as those that cost from $5.00 to $7.00. The only difference is the price. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes cost more to make, hold their shape better, wear longer, and are of greater value than any other $3.50 shoe on the market to-day. W. L. Douglas guarantees their value by stamping his name and price on the bottom of each shoe. Look for it. Take no substitute. W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoes are sold through his own retail stores in the principal cities, and by shoe dealers everywhere. No matter where you live, W. L. Douglas shoes are within your reach.

BETTER THAN OTHER MAKES AT ANY PRICE.

"For the last three years I have worn W. L. Douglas $3.50 shoe and found it not only as good, but better than any shoe that I ever had, regardless of price."—Chas. L. Farrell, Asst. Cashier The Capital National Bank, Indianapolis, Ind.

Boys wear W. L. Douglas $2.50 and $2.00 shoes because they fit better, hold their shape, and wear longer than other makes.

W. L. DOUGLAS $4.00 SHOES CANNOT BE EQUALLED AT ANY PRICE.

W. L. Douglas uses Corona Coltskin in his $3.50 shoes. Corona Colt is considered to be the finest patent leather produced.

FAST COLOR EYELETS WILL NOT WEAR BRASSY

W. L. Douglas has the largest shoe mail order business in the world. No trouble to get a fit by mail. 25c. extra prepays delivery. If you desire further information, write for Illustrated Catalogue of Spring Styles.

W. L. DOUGLAS, BROCKTON, MASSACHUSETTS

W. L. Douglas makes and sells more Men's $3.50 shoes than any other manufacturer in the world.
$10,000 REWARD to any one who can disprove this statement

No. 9.

Masonry and Truth.

In France a man, called as a witness to court, demurred to taking the oath to tell the "whole truth," because it might require him to tell Masonic secrets. The grand master of Freemasonry in France has written to the court stating that there was nothing in the Masonic oath which would prevent a witness telling the whole truth. If anything, the oath made him a freer man.

Atlantic Coast Line.

CONDENSED SCHEDULE.

Dated May 8th, 1902.

TRAINS GOING SOUTH.

	No. 33. Daily. A.M.	No. 30. Daily. P.M.	No. 102. Daily ex Sun. P.M.	No. 41. Daily. A.M.
Lv Weldon	11 50	9 36	....	....
Ar Rocky Mount	1 00 P.M.	10 32	....	....
Lv Tarboro	12 22	....	7 32	....
Lv Rocky Mount	1 05	10 07	7 53	5 42
Lv Wilson	1 39	11 10	8 31	6 20
Lv Selma	2 55	11 59	....	....
Lv Fayetteville	4 30	1 20	....	....
Ar Florence	7 35 P.M.	3 20 A.M.	....	....
Ar Goldsboro	....	....	9 25	....
Lv Goldsboro	....	....	....	7 30
Lv Magnolia	....	....	....	9 45
Ar Wilmington	....	....	....	10 45 P.M.

Train No. 49 daily, leaves Rocky Mount at 12 32 p. m., Wilson 2 40 p. m., Goldsboro 3 15 p. m., Magnolia 4 25 p. m., arriving Wilmington 6 p. m.

TRAINS GOING NORTH.

	No. 78. Daily ex. Sun.	No. 102. Daily	No. 82. Daily	No. 48. Daily
Lv Florence	A.M. 10 05	....	P.M. 8 05	....
Lv Fayetteville	12 40	....	10 09	....
Lv Selma	2 10	....	11 38	....
Ar Wilson	3 07	....	12 07	....
Lv Wilmington	....	....	A.M.	P.M. ....
Lv Magnolia	....	....	....	7 00
Lv Goldsboro	....	....	7 35	9 05
Lv Wilson	P.M. 2 35	8 20	A.M. 11 34	P.M. 10 45
Ar Rocky Mount	3 30	9 00	12 10	11 20
Ar Tarboro	....	9 24	....	....
Lv Tarboro	3 31	....	....	....
Lv Rocky Mount	3 50	....	12 43	....
Ar Weldon	4 53 P.M.	....	1 37 A.M.	....

Train No. 48, daily, leaves Wilmington 9 05 a. m., Magnolia 10 58 a. m., Goldsboro 12 26 a. m., Wilson 1 18 p. m., and arrives at Rocky Mount at 1 58 p. m.

Yadkin Division Main Line—Train leaves Wilmington, 9:10 a. m., arrive, Fayetteville 12:20 p. m., leaves Fayetteville 12:42 p. m. arrives Sanford 1:35 p. m. Returning leaves Sanford 3:00 p. m., arrive Fayetteville 4:20 p. m. leave Fayetteville 4:30 p. m., arrive Wilmington 7:15 p. m.

Bennettsville Branch—Train leave Bennettsville 8:10 a. m., Maxton 9:06 a. m., Red Springs, 9:32 a. m., Parkton 10:41 a. m., Hope Mills 10:55 a. m., arrive Fayetteville 11:10. Returning leaves Fayetteville 4:45 p. m., Hope Mills 5:00 p. m., Red Springs 5:42 p. m., Maxton 6:16 p. m., arrives Bennettsville 7:15 p. m.

Connections at Fayetteville with train No. 78 at Maxton with the Carolina Central Railway, at Red Springs with the Red Springs and Bowmore railroad, at Sanford with the Seaboard Air Line and Southern Railway at Gulf with the Durham and Charlotte Railroad.

Train on the Scotland Neck Branch Road leaves Weldon 3:15 p. m., Halifax 3:29 p. m., arrives Scotland Neck at 4:10 p. m., Greenville 5:47 p. m., Kinston 6:45 p. m. Returning leaves Kinston 7:30 a. m., Greenville 8:30 a. m., arriving Halifax at 11:05 a. m. Weldon 11:20 a. m., daily except Sunday.

Trains on Washington Branch leave Washington 8:30 a.m., and 1:45 p. m., arrive Parmele 8:55 a. m., and 3:10 p. m., returning leave Parmele 9:15 a. m. and 5:22 p. m., arrive Washington 10:35 a. m. and 6:15 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train leaves Tarboro, N. C., daily except Sunday 4:35 p. m., Sunday, 4:35 p. m., arrives Plymouth 6:35 p. m., 6:30 p. m. Returning leaves Plymouth daily except Sunday 7:30 a. m., and Sunday 9:00 a. m., arrives Tarboro 9:55 a. m., 11:00 a. m.

Train on Midland N. C. Branch leaves Goldsboro daily except Sunday 8:00 a. m., arriving Smithfield 8:10 a. m., returning leaves Smithfield 7:00 a. m., arrives at Goldsboro 8:25 a. m.

Trains on Nashville Branch leave Rocky Mount 9:30 a. m., 4:00 p. m., arrive Nashville 10:20 a. m., 4:23 p. m. Spring Hope 11:00 a. m., 4:43 p. m. Returning leave Spring Hope 11:20 a. m., 5:15 p. m., Nashville 11:45 a. m., 5:40 p. m., arrive at Rocky Mount 12:10 p. m., 6:20 p. m., daily except Sunday.

Train on Clinton Branch leaves Warsaw for Clinton daily, except Sunday, 8:30 a. m. and 4:15 pp. m. Returning leaves Clinton at 7:00 a. m., and 10:00 p. m.

Train No. 78 makes close connection at Weldon for all points North daily all rail via Richmond.

W. J. CRAIG,
General Passenger Agent.
J. R. KENLY, Gen'l. Manager.
T. M. EMERSON, Traffic Manager.

ATLANTIC AND N. C. R. R. CO.

Time Table No. 28, to take effect Sunday, November 9th, 1902, at 7:05 a. m., Eastern Standard Time. Supersedes Time Table No. 27, of June 8, 1902.

5 Pass. Daily 1st c	3 Pass. Daily 1st c	STATIONS	4 Pass. Daily 1st c	6 Pass. Daily 1st c.
A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.
8 00	3 30 Lv	Goldsboro Ar	11 05	6 30
f 8 18	f 3 50	Best's	10 43	f 6 08
8 26	3 59	LaGrange	10 34	7 57
f 8 37	f 4 10	Falling Creek	10 22	f 7 47
8 48	4 21 Ar	Kinston Lv	10 12	7 37
	Lv	Kinston Junc Ar		
f 9 02	f 4 38	Caswell	9 50	f 7 21
9 13	4 43 Ar	Dover Lv	9 43	7 17
	Lv	Dover Ar	9 40	
		Hines Siding		
9 30	5 03	Core Creek	9 33	7 00
9 50	5 19	Tuscarora	9 20	6 50
f 9 56	f 5 25	Clark's	9 12	f 6 43
		Neuse Crossing		
10 10	5 40 Ar	New Bern Lv	9 00	6 30
	5 50 Lv	New Bern Ar	8 37	
	6 02	James City		
	f 6 15	Riverdale	8 13	f
	f 6 18	Croatan	8 07	f
	6 30	Havelock	8 00	
	6 43	Newport	7 46	
	f 6 49	Wildwood	7 39	f
	f 6 54	Atlantic	7 33	f
	7 05	Morehead City	7 27	
		Ar Atlantic Hotel Lv		
	7 25 Ar	M. City Depot Lv	7 05	
A.M.	P.M.		A.M.	P.M.

Train No. 9, freight, leaves Newbern at 1 30 pm, Tuesday, Thursday and Saturday, second-class.

Train No. 10, freight, arrives at Newbern at 10 45 am, Monday, Wednesday and Friday, second-class.

f Stop on signal.

S. J. DILL, Gen. Supt.
B. A. NEWLAND, Master of Trans.
J. C. LEWIS, Chief Dispatcher.